

Sept. 5, '96, and Jan. 1, '97, over 30,000 copies of THE OREGONIAN were circulated; average, 1,300 weekly. Kelllogg knows we bought 1,200 to 1,300 copies weekly.

# The OREGONIAN

SWORN

to: That 64,417 copies of THE OREGONIAN were circulated during 1896; average, 1,277 weekly. Bought many more than that of Kelllogg.

VOL. XVIII.

OWINGSVILLE, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1896.

NUMBER 18.

An occasional flake of snow fell Sunday.

The diphtheria scare has subsided in town.

The turkey market is starting at 44c to 50c per lb.

The cooler weather enables some early hog killing to be done.

Millinery in all the latest styles, at rock bottom prices, at Mrs. Estill's.

William Garrett and Miss Rebecca Thomas were granted license to wed, Monday.

Tobacco sales in Louisville were suspended last week on account of the election excitement.

If you miss the bargains at Mrs. Estill's it will be your fault, as she is selling cheap for cash.

Remember this special sale is for thirty days only. Come early and get choice. Mrs. D. S. ESTILL.

The Farmers Bank has been paying out gold on checks the past few days and the yellow coin was circulating freely Monday.

I need money and must have it. I will give bargains in all departments for thirty days. Come and see me. Mrs. ESTILL.

A liberal reward will be paid for a quilted saddle with iron stirrups and no fenders lost here Tuesday night. Leave at OULTON office. T. J. FLEMING.

Cindy Hamilton, a well-known colored woman of town, died of a general breaking down of the system Sunday night. She was aged about 50 years.

Bernheim Brothers, who advertise the I. W. Harper whiskey in THE OREGONIAN, have contracted for the building of an \$85,000 distillery in Louisville.

I must raise \$500 in the next thirty days. All persons who have money to spend will do well to call on me. I mean business. Mrs. D. S. ESTILL.

Marriage licenses were issued the past week to Geo. Wm. Stewart and Miss Effie Hendrix; A. C. Manley and Miss Fannie Snedegar; W. M. Piersall and Miss Randa C. Botts.

NEW TOBACCO SALES.—G. A. Peed bought the following crops of new tobacco in the northeastern part of the county: Off Henderson at 5c, Allen Campbell at 6c, E. V. Anderson at 5c.

DELIVERING OIL.—The Standard Oil Co. has discontinued its agency at Preston and had its tank on wheels here Monday delivering oil to dealers. That plan will be continued in the future.

COME'S SALES.—Master Court Young on Monday sold the Mrs. Leonard Anderson tract of land to E. D. Anderson and Samuel A. Elison for \$1,750.24; the Mrs. Armita Boyd tract to Mason & Henry for \$560.

OF UNSOUND MIND.—Before a court of inquiry Saturday, Judge Gudgeon presiding, James Wells, son of Wm. Wells of the Preston precinct, was adjudged of unsound mind. He was sent to the E. K. Asylum at Lexington, Monday, in charge of Sheriff Lane.

MISS LUCRETIA BAILEY'S DEATH.—Miss Lucretia Bailey died at the home of her brother, David Bailey, north of town, on Friday morning, and was interred at the family burial ground Saturday. She was aged about 61 years, and had been an invalid all her life, having been crippled in her infancy.

CLUBBING OFFER.—The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune is the leading Republican organ of Ohio and adjoining States. See its big ad in this issue. Those of our readers who wish to secure THE OREGONIAN and the Weekly Commercial Gazette one year at the special clubbing rate of \$1.40, strictly cash in advance.

TOLL GATE RENTING.—The gates of the Owingsville & Mt. Sterling Turnpike Road will be rented at the office of Judge E. C. Orr, at Mt. Sterling, Ky., on SATURDAY, NOV. 28th, 1896. Sealed bids. The right to reject any and all bids reserved. The gates will be rented for the year 1897.

A. W. BASCOM, PRES.

OWINGSVILLE AN ELECTRIC LIGHT TOWN NOW.—Well! Well! This town is to be soon lighted by electricity. Who would have thought it? The Town Council met Friday night and contracted with Clark Crouch to light the town with eight arc lights at \$80 per light per year. The lights will be situated about where we mentioned in a previous notice. Mr. Crouch will put up the wires at once and have the lights going in short order. Mr. Crouch will also be prepared to light business houses and residences by private contract.

Mr. Crouch commenced grinding corn meal at his mill, at the West end of Water street, Friday. He also crushes corn for stock feed. In all probability a flouring mill will soon follow, and the town will have a convenience and addition to its manufacturing business so long needed. Things get a little blue for the old town sometimes, but brighter days and glorious good times appear to be coming our way now.

CATTLE SALES.—J. C. Vindmeter, Jr., and R. P. Taylor, of the Winchester firm of Vanmeter & Taylor, bought of Spauld James H. Hughes sixteen feeding cattle at \$3.50 per cow, and one at \$3.25; five of Mrs. Lucy Donnan at \$3.25; one of E. H. Goodpaster at \$3.50 and one at \$3.25; seven of Sidney Hart, of Montgomery county, at \$3.50 and one at \$3.25.

F. B. Allen sold, Monday, to Wm. McCray, of North Middletown, seven feeding cattle at \$3.50, nine at \$3.25, and two at \$2.75.

PAID ELECTION WAGES.—A huge mule carload in style came curvetting up from Paris' lively stable Friday at dusk. The call note of the Cornet Band was heard, and the up-town folks knew what was up. Laughing and chaffing were all the go. Presently the procession formed and started from the center of the town and paraded to the east end of Main street.

Henry Schwab had lost on Bryan and in payment of his wages sat astride of the mule, facing the direction the mule kicked.

John D. Young, Jr., lost on Bryan and was to wheel S. A. Hamilton in a wheelbarrow, but the latter preferred to wheel to being wheeled, so Hamilton wheeled Young in the procession. The Cornet Band made the music and the lookers-on enjoyed the affair immensely.

COURT DAY.—The attendance here last Monday was rather small for a November Court day.

Not more than 100 cattle were on the market and they did not average so good in quality as on the previous Court day, but they sold at stronger prices. Feeding-cattle buyers from Montgomery and Bourbon counties were here and made some purchases.

Buyers from elsewhere wanting aged mules found only a few on the market.

Merchants report only a fair trade and small collections. There was much speculation as to the effect of the election. Some of the silver men feeling their disappointment keenly yet were disposed to take a gloomy view of the future, while others thought times would improve. The sound money men were jubilant and were unanimously of the opinion that prosperous days were again sure to come right away.

ROYALLY ENTERTAINED.—At the late session of the Kentucky Medical Grand Lodge in Louisville when John A. Ramsey was elected Junior Grand Warden among his most ardent friends were Dan W. Peed, of Paris, W. W. Perry, John D. McIntyre and C. W. Honaker, Jr., of this town. After that election Mr. Peed banteringly promised to "do a plenty" to Mr. Ramsey the first time he came to Owingsville. Mr. Ramsey reciprocated the threat to "do a plenty" to Mr. Peed. Mr. Peed came to town the past week, and Mr. Ramsey to make good his threat gave an informal supper at the restaurant of Wm. Smith Tuesday night, in honor of the four friends named. Those who know Mr. Ramsey know that he never does anything by halves in the line of entertainment and generosity. The spread was a sumptuous one and the occasion one of the utmost enjoyment to all so fortunate as to be present.

THE VOTE IN BATH CO.—A comparison of the vote of Nov. 3, 1896, with that of former years will show a remarkable increase of votes this year.

1891—for Governor: Brown 1,384, Wood 1,198, Harris (Pro.) 2, Erwin (Pop.) 100; total 2,684.

1892—for President: Cleveland 1,443, Harrison 1,148, Weaver (Pop.) 51, Bidwell (Pro.) 34; total 2,676.

1894—for Congress: Hart 1,440, Pugh 1,439, Blair 26; total 2,905.

1895—for Governor: Hardin 1,492, Bradley 1,403, Pettit (Pop.) 18, Demaree (Pro.) 31; total 2,944.

1896—for President: McKinley 1,579, Bryan 1,791, Levering (Pro.) 41, Palmer 23; total 3,434.

McKinley received 87 more votes than were cast for Hardin in 1895, and 136 more than were cast for Cleveland in 1892, but fell short 212 votes of Bryan in 1896. Bryan got 299 more votes than were cast for Hardin, and 348 more than Cleveland got in 1892.

There were 490 more votes counted this year than were ever counted before, besides there were 40 to 50 blank, defaced and mutilated ballots thrown out, thus showing that 474 or more voters voted or went through the form of voting.

According to the census of 1890 Bath had 12,813 population. At the ratio of one voter to each five inhabitants the present population of Bath would be 17,370, a gain of over 27 per cent. in six years.

We have believed that on a full vote the normal Democratic plurality in Bath was at least 250. But the late election was no criterion. All the Populists and a considerable number of former Republicans voted for Bryan, while a large number of Democrats voted for McKinley, besides there were 23 Democratic votes for Palmer. It is believed that the most of the votes cast for Levering were done by mistake, the voters mistaking the Prohibition emblem for the former Republican emblem of the eagle. It is known that three white voters here made that mistake, and it is probable that others did the same.

It is very evident that a considerable number of each party hasn't

## OFFICIAL VOTE OF BATH CO. AT THE ELECTION NOV. 3, 1896.

PRECINCTS.	PRESIDENT.				CONGRESS.				FREE TURNPIKES.		MAGISTRATE.	
	REPUBLICAN. Wm. McKinley Electors.	DEMOCRATIC. W. J. Bryan Electors.	PROHIBITION. T. M. Morgan Electors.	OTHER MONEY. J. M. Palmer Electors.	REPUBLICAN. H. M. Tamm Electors.	DEMOCRATIC. J. M. Tamm Electors.	PROHIBITION. J. M. Tamm Electors.	OTHER MONEY. J. M. Tamm Electors.	FOR.	AGAINST.	JOHN CHASE.	H. L. FISH.
Sharpsburg No. 1	108	88	101	184	108	88	101	184	108	88	101	184
Sharpsburg No. 2	87	86	111	111	87	86	111	111	87	86	111	111
Bellevue	103	139	123	117	103	139	123	117	103	139	123	117
South Sherburne	165	138	120	62	165	138	120	62	165	138	120	62
Youngs	124	124	106	109	124	124	106	109	124	124	106	109
Forge Hill	121	112	86	85	121	112	86	85	121	112	86	85
Soft Lick	141	141	221	221	141	141	221	221	141	141	221	221
White Sulphur	121	112	86	85	121	112	86	85	121	112	86	85
Preston	141	141	221	221	141	141	221	221	141	141	221	221
Twinsville No. 1	87	86	111	111	87	86	111	111	87	86	111	111
Twinsville No. 2	174	171	149	149	174	171	149	149	174	171	149	149
Twinsville No. 3	174	171	149	149	174	171	149	149	174	171	149	149
Totals	1579	1791	149	149	1579	1791	149	149	1579	1791	149	149
Pluralities		212										

yet learned how to vote by the present ballot system. Thus, the first elector on the Democratic ticket received 24 to 25 more than the balance of the electors. W. G. Ramsey got one vote more in Owingsville precinct No. 3 and Henry Beauchamp one more in Sharpsburg No. 1 than Tarvin, the second elector on the ticket, who received 1,766.

S. H. Kash, the first elector on the Republican ticket, got 1,579, whereas the balance of the electors got only 1,552.

In each case the voters thought stamping the square after the name of the first elector voted the whole ticket, instead of stamping under the party device and inside the square containing the device.

Pugh lost votes in that way, he receiving only one more vote than the electors excepting Kash. Thomas was a little more fortunate, he getting eight more than the ten lower electors on his ticket.

The first Prohibition elector ran 7 ahead of the balance of his ticket.

All the Palmer electors received the same vote.

FIRE IN TOWN.—About 1:15 o'clock Wednesday morning the saloon and restaurant of James Crouch, at the north end of Jefferson street, caught fire and burned, the building and stock being a total loss. Mr. Crouch lost his account books. It was insured for \$412. J. J. Nesbitt owned the building and had \$800 insurance on it. The engine was brought out and the shorter hose attached, with the end in the gutter. Engines were directed towards saving Eugene Minihan's store, which caught from the Nesbitt building. The hose was not quite long enough to do the most effective work, but Minihan's store was saved, with small damage from the heat scorching the cornice and breaking out the glass in doors and windows.

Joseph H. Richart owns that building. The burnt building was of brick, one story above the street level, with a basement story. The fire caught in the basement. Mr. Crouch said he had left the saloon about 11:45 hours before the alarm was given. A very high wind was blowing from the southwest, but fortunately, there were no buildings close in the direction the flames were blown except the Goodpaster brick building under the hill, in which house are Robt. Coyle's buggy works and Clark Crouch's mill. The Goodpaster house has a metal roof and didn't catch fire. The burnt building was erected shortly after the big town fire (in 1878) and had passed through the big fire of 1893, though considerably damaged.

### PERSONAL.

Pierce Winn, of Mt. Sterling, was in town Friday.

Mrs. E. H. Goodpaster made a shopping trip to Lexington Tuesday.

W. J. Davis, of Fleming county, was the guest of E. H. Goodpaster, Sunday.

Mrs. T. W. Ewing returned Saturday from a visit to relatives at Cynthiana.

Mrs. Mary Donaldson's little daughter Manie has a mild case of typhoid fever.

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Conner are visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Fearing, at Tecumseh, Ala.

Judge A. B. White and Walter Harper, of Mt. Sterling, attended Court here Monday.

Robert Moore, of Forge Hill, left Thursday afternoon for a visit to Cincinnati and Louisville.

Charles Knox, of Monterey, Owen Co., arrived Saturday on his annual visit to friends and relatives in this county.

Mrs. Geo. C. Gill and daughter, who had spent the summer at Olympian Springs, have returned to their home, in Chicago.

R. K. Hart, Charley Peters and T. L. Peters, of Poplar Plains, attended Court here Monday. Mr. Hart was buying aged mules.

D. W. Peed, of Paris, came Sunday to spend a few days with his brother George A. Dan won considerable money on McKinley.

Richard Garrett and sister, Miss Mildred, of Steptone, and Miss Oka Hart, of Preston, visited relatives near town from Friday until Sunday.

Misses Bertie Gorham and Ruth Williams; Messrs. Peters and Russell, of Bethel, were pleasant guests of the family of Jacob Warner, Sunday.

Mrs. C. D. Killpatrick returned Saturday afternoon from a visit to relatives in Fleming county. She was accompanied home by her father, John R. Carpenter.

J. L. Elliott, daughter Julia and sister, Miss Jennie, have taken rooms at Olympian Springs for a few weeks. Julia wrote to her mother that her father's health had already shown improvement.

### GENERAL NEWS.

A full pardon was given by the Hawaiian government to Queen Lil.

Lillie Langtry is running a new installment of her divorce suit serial in the courts.

"Silver Dick" Bland, "Watch Dog" Holman and "Sneaky Simpson" were all elected to Congress again.

The Territories wanting admission to statehood spoiled their chances in that respect by voting for silver.

The next U. S. Senate will be 47 to 43 in favor of the gold standard and the same in favor of a protective tariff.

The widow of the noted Wm. H. Vanderbilt died last Friday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, at Scarborough, N. Y.

The famous Hungarian Kossuth's son Francis and Gabriel Ugron, slightly wounded each other in a sword duel at Buda Pest, Hungary.

For the sake of the advertisement, a large Chicago department store offered Bryan \$25,000 per year as manager of their law business.

A belief exists in England that Charles Stewart Parnell, the Irish leader supposed to have died some years ago, is living on a ranch in a Western State.

It was a swell wedding in Vienna when Louis Phillip Robert, Duke of Orleans, and eldest son of the Emperor of France, wedded Archduchess Dorothea, of Austria, last week.

The trial of the noted shoplifting case in London, Eng., resulted in Walter W. Castle, of San Francisco, being acquitted and his wife convicted for three months in prison without hard labor.

Judge W. B. Fleming, of Louisville, of the Federal supervising architect of the new Capitol building, of South Carolina, and Burton T. Doyle were Federal employees removed from office at Washington for offensive activity in Bryan's behalf.

Miss Louise Bonaparte, granddaughter of Jerome Bonaparte (brother of the first Napoleon) and his first wife, Elizabeth Patterson (of Baltimore), is to be wedded to Count de Moltke, son of the Danish Minister to France. The bride-to-be is a very great-granddaughter of Daniel Webster. The wedding will take place at Washington, D. C., on Dec. 10.

### Chewing Gum.

"Chewing gum? Yes, sir; what kind shall I give you?" said a small shop-keeper yesterday in answer to a request for a cent's worth of the commodity. The inquirer was not an habitual gum chewer, and was not well enough informed to name a preference, and said so, says the New York Times.

"Well," said the dealer, "there are fifteen varieties in that showcase. Take your choice."

Fifteen different kinds of chewing gum seemed an elaborate assortment for so small a store, and the would-be purchaser inquired how many varieties of that confection were in the market. He replied that, being only a small dealer in the article, he did not feel competent to answer, but added, "That young man over there can tell you all about it."

A prosperous-looking young man, with a sample case in his hand, stood at the opposite counter, and without more questioning said: "A hundred or more, at a rough guess. I have samples here of twenty-eight brands, and they are exclusive of 'scheme' goods, or prize gum, of which there are many brands."

This man was a small manufacturer and general wholesale dealer of gum exclusively. The reporter, for such was the customer, accepted the prosperous-looking young

## THE WEEKLY CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL GAZETTE

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The Weekly Commercial Gazette contains six columns of news every week. It gives the news of the World in the Most Complete Shape; the Choicest Miscellaneous Reading, and the Best Stories and Literary Matter that brain can produce and that money can buy. The Weekly Commercial Gazette is printed every Tuesday morning, and mailed to any part of the United States or Canada at FIFTY CENTS A YEAR.

THE DAILY COMMERCIAL TRIBUNE is unrivaled as a Newspaper, and its growing popularity throughout the country is attested by its increasing sales. Issued Daily and Sunday. Every Postmaster is considered an agent. Address—

The Commercial Tribune Co. CINCINNATI, O.

Send for Terms.

man's invitation to take a walk out to his next customer's where he would display his samples and give a better idea of the magnitude of an apparently very small business. As they proceeded, the gum man gave an entertaining account of the chewing gum business.

"In the first place," said he, "most people underestimate its magnitude, and that it is not surprising, for I often wonder what consumes the small but in reality large quantities that I dispose of. A quarter of a century ago there were practically but two kinds of chewing gum—the regularly made spruce gum sold in the stores, and shoemakers' wax, which the boys used to beg or steal. Then the white paraffin gum—coal oil gum, the youngsters call it—came out, and was the ladies' favorite from the start. It was soft and did not tire the jaws like the tough, unyielding spruce. Besides, it would not dissolve in the mouth, was cleansing and could be used in emergencies to cover over black, decayed spots in natural teeth. This was followed by 'taffy' and 'snapping wax,' both of which acted as pioneers for the trade, inducing, by their seductive sweetness and flavor, a far more general use of the article by adults.

"Following these came the still more popular brands of today, which a few years ago were used almost universally in great quantities, and from the manufacture of which colossal fortunes were harvested in a season. I was in the business at its best, and I made a little, but I lacked the experience, the capital and the luck to make even a fair share of the 'big money' that some of the gum men got out of it. I added the word 'luck' because if it ever had a proper place anywhere it belongs right here. I'll tell you why.

"The largest Eastern manufacturer of chewing gum got into the business, I understand, in this way: He was peddling small articles, like razors and combs, among the sailors along the docks, and one day, with probably hundreds of others, was idly examining a cargo of Mexican chicle gum that had been brought here as ballast in the hope that it could be sold to bookbinders and the makers of leather tips for bound books. It proved to be worthless for those purposes and was to have been towed to sea and cast overboard. This peddler tasted it, found it would 'chew,' thought of its adaptability as chewing gum, got the whole cargo for shoveling it out of the ship and is today a millionaire several times over. Wasn't that luck?

"The case of the other man who has made more than millions and perhaps more out of the business was very similar, in so far that a happy thought was the chief factor of his success. He had, by great industry, and by many years of hard labor, succeeded in getting his goods fairly well introduced, and in moderate demand. But he lacked a 'leader.' The sale of his best brands had never even approximated the phenomenal, as East here, and, like all the other makers, he was always experimenting in an effort to produce an article that

should excel all others in merit and popularity. At last, just before Christmas, in 1886, it occurred to him that a peppermint candy was a general favorite with children, why should not a peppermint flavored chewing gum be so? He tried the experiment, got a gratuitous advertisement as a complimentary one of the newspapers paid to the gum upon receipt of a box he had sent as a Christmas present, and in two years had erected a large factory, quadrupled his working force and was from three weeks to three months behind in filling the orders that poured into his office. From that time to the present day he has employed hundreds of hands.

"Where does all the gum go to? Who chews it? I don't know. This man has told me that when he went a stranger to the city where his success has made him one of its best-known capitalists he had slept under a pile of straw under a viaduct, and had manufactured his first chewing gum on a common kitchen table after cooking it in the tea kettle.

"The man is shrewd though. I will tell you an anecdote that illustrates that fact. This chicle, that is the basis of all the best gums at this time, was originally handled almost wholly by three shippers in small Mexican ports on the Gulf. The natives gathered it from the wild trees in the forests of Southern Mexico and the Central American States, and it was cheap. This man sent an agent to Mexico ostensibly to see the manufactured article, but when his trip was ended it was discovered to the everlasting sorrow of the most of the rest of us that he had signed contracts for the next two years' output of these gums. Chicle at that time, if I recollect, was selling for 28 cents a pound, but before the close of the season the price was \$1.35 and it was difficult to get at that. An order to put upon the market the same large-sized piece that was then in vogue, the rest of us were obliged to add more sugar, until our output would almost entirely dissolve in the mouth, leaving only a piece of gum as large as a pea. The result was that his goods became actually far superior to the general run of gums and eventually most of the newer concerns were compelled to quit.

"A Louisville firm at one time made a good choice gum that contained some kind of an extract of tobacco, and I looked for a phenomenal sale of their output, but Uncle Sam declared that he was entitled to the regular revenue tax for manufactured tobacco upon the article, and that, of course, made it an unprofitable product at any price it was possible to obtain for it.

"It's a big business but I'm afraid it's being overdone."

Home Knowledge is all astray about Catarrh. Pale, thin, delicate children are apt to be troubled with Catarrh. It will be of great value to mothers to know how to treat it. Get a package of Century Catarrh Cure. Don't accept his "just as good" excuse; try some other drugist and if you cannot get Century Catarrh Cure write to us, Century Manufacturing Company, Warren, Pa., and enclose fifty cents and we will mail you a package. For sale by Catlett & Honaker.

## Attention, Farmers!

I have made a reduction of TWO DOLLARS on each of my

KENTUCKY SPRING SADDLES.

I am making them better than ever and guarantee them to ride easier and to wear twice as long as the imitation and so-called made to order saddles sold (not made) by dealers. Call and see my

\$20 HAND-MADE BUGGY HARNESS.

I will save you money on all kinds of

Saddles and Harness, Bridles, Whips, Buggy

Dusters, &c.





This image shows a vertical strip of a document page. On the left side, there is a dark, textured binding or edge. The main part of the strip is a light-colored page with faint, illegible text. A small, dark, irregular mark is visible near the top of the page area.







## Owingsville Outlook

W. S. ESTILL, PUBLISHER.  
OWINGSVILLE, KY.

SUBS. FIFTY CENTS PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

THURSDAY, NOV. 12, 1896.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**For Circuit Judge.**  
Judge R. F. Day, of Mt. Sterling, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Judge in the Twenty-first Judicial district, composed of the counties of Bath, Menifee, Montgomery and Rowan.

M. S. Tyler, of Mt. Sterling, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Judge in this (the 21st) Judicial district.

Charles W. Nesbitt is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Judge of this district.

**For County Judge.**  
Wm. G. Ramsey is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for County Judge of Bath. Election in November, 1897.

**For Sheriff.**  
George T. Young, of Owingsville, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff of Bath county, with both Batts, of Sharpshurg precinct, for deputy.

Johnson M. Atchison, of Wyoming precinct, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Sheriff of Bath county.

**For Jailor.**  
We are authorized to announce Samuel T. Jones, of White Oak, a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailor of Bath county. Election, November, 1897.

John Jackson, of Preston, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailor of Bath county.

Cabe S. Ratliff, of Bald Eagle, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jailor of Bath county.

**Public School Superintendent.**  
W. Jasper Lacy, of near Owingsville, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Bath Co. Superintendent of Public Schools. Election, November, 1897.

**NOTICE.**—Obituaries, memorials, etc., not to exceed 80 words, inserted free; \$1 charged for each additional eighty words.

Correspondents will please remember to always mail their items so that they will reach us on Monday. This matter is seriously important to us.

**NOTWITHSTANDING** the election is over, the advertising tendency of wheat continues.

It is charged that the Bryan men, of Owen Co. voted from 600 to 1,000 illegal voters for Willie.

**IMAGINARY McKinley Cabinet.** making is the favorite pastime of political news-gossips now.

Poor beat Thomas 438. That is the unofficial plurality. The final count may make a slight change.

**MAYOR TOWN'S** re-election in Louisville will enable him to settle old scores, and he seems to be the sort of man to do that sort of thing.

**SENATOR DAVID B. HILL** says "The sentiment of the country was certainly against Mr. Bryan." It was; indeed it was, Davy.

As a rule there is nothing meritorious in contesting elections. Col. Breckinridge takes the best course in not contesting with Settle in the 7th district.

In the late vote is used as the basis both parties in Bath county will have an increased delegate vote in conventions; the Democrats, 9; the Republicans, 8.

The news from all the financial centers is that gold and all other kinds of money are rushing to the banks and more is in circulation than has been for a long time.

BETWEEN 3,000 and 4,000 National Democrats supported Palmer and Buckner in Kentucky. The balance put their ballots in for Mack, as they thought would do the most good.

The National Democrats and the sound money Democrats who supported McKinley were not out for "pie." It is hoped that they will neither expect nor accept "pie" from the McKinley administration.

The most important party lesson taught by the late election is that men who are Democrats on profound principle will not tolerate any departure by the Democratic party from the time-honored principles of Democracy.

The vote in Kentucky is so close that there is a prospect of Smith, the first Bryan elector, defeating some of the lower McKinley electors. Chairman Roberts figures McKinley's plurality at 144 with the official vote of only four counties missing.

ALL the banks paid out gold today when requested, but the precious metal was not in demand. Several times it was refused by holders of small checks. There were also a number of deposits. One man brought in \$5,000 early in the morning and had it deposited to his credit. It is thought that millions will soon be in circulation from the hoards in this city alone. One broker who has an opportunity to be unusually well informed estimates the private hoards of gold in Louisville alone at \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. —Louisville Courier-Journal, Nov. 5.

On last Thursday the Government got independent about receiving gold in exchange for other currency and notified all Assistant Treasurers over the country to advise in advance of large exchanges and that changes would no longer be paid in gold to the Treasury and currency returned therefor.

The next course of local political contention will come in the campaign for the Democratic primary nominations next spring. By reason of the 212 county plurality, Democrats will count on the nomination being almost equivalent to an election, and aspirants will be both numerous and enthusiastic.

The heterogeneous elements that supported Bryan can never be welded together in a party of permanent, not even on the single financial question. The Populists will go back to their organization, taking a large proportion of the late Democrats, and the silver Republicans will go to the party of protective tariff.

The Ky. General Assembly now has 70 Republican members, a majority on joint ballot. That will enable the Republicans to elect a Republican Senator to succeed Blackburn. Gov. Bradley will probably call an extra session soon. St. John Boyle was the caucus nominee at the last session and Hunter withdrew. But the prospects are that a new caucus will be held and Hunter, Boyle, Bradley, Holt and Yerkes will all be aspirants.

The General Assembly will have 16 Republicans, 11 silver Democrats, 8 sound money Democrats in the Senate, and 52 Republicans, 32 silver Democrats and 14 sound money Democrats in the House.

The supporters of McKinley and of Bryan can not claim any virtue over each other in regard to the purchase of votes; but because Bryan workers had the most money, there were, in our belief, at least five votes bought for Bryan to each one bought for McKinley in Bath county. It is common talk that a large number of colored voters here and at Sharpshurg were bribed to vote for Bryan or against McKinley. Heretofore in Presidential elections the colored vote has always been practically sold for the Republican nominees. If reports are correct there was only \$100 of Republican money sent into Bath county. There was no special inducement for local contributions to the McKinley fund and likely little or none were made.

The total vote on the free turnpike question was 2,177, with a majority of 405 in favor of free turnpikes. Had the subject been agitated more the vote and majority would have been much larger. We have been satisfied for a long time that the people wanted turnpikes free of toll. We have believed, and still are firm in the conviction, that it is a mistaken policy and believe that experience will show that the burden will only be increased and shifted to the shoulders of the already complaining tax-payers. It has been stated recently in some of the newspapers that the total tax rate of the Ohio counties bordering on the Ohio river were \$3 to \$4. Free turnpikes are partially responsible for such enormous taxation. Still, our people want no toll collected at the toll-gates, and their will is supreme. We trust all will patiently wait until the county acquires the roads by due purchase and just payment.

The newspapers are crowded with mention of important industries all over the country that have resumed operation since the election. Everything now promises good times for gold is to be had nearly all the banks in exchange for other currency, and, singularly enough, there is scarcely anybody that wants it. Large sums of gold have been deposited in the banks all over the country, private holders no longer fearing that gold will go to a premium. The Treasury gold reserve is rapidly increasing, and the Government appears to be not at all overburdened by the increase. These facts refute the ante-election charge that the imports of gold were for political effect. There seems now no likelihood of another raid on the Treasury gold and no necessity of another bond issue as long as there is no threat of a change to the silver standard. Still, if the Republican party is wise, it will provide for the retirement of the greenbacks and Treasury notes redeemable on demand. With no necessity for redemption there will be no need of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve and no reason for future bond sales on that account.

KENTUCKY cast a total vote of 34,439 in the Presidential election of 1896. Cleveland's plurality over Harrison was 38,666. In 1892 there were 350,826 votes cast, and Cleveland's plurality over Harrison was 40,020. There were 23,500 Populist votes cast, and 6,424 Prohibition. In 1895 there were 357,057 votes cast, and Bradley's plurality over Hardin was 8,912. There were 16,911 Populist votes cast. In 1896 there were about 425,000 votes cast, and McKinley's plurality over Bryan is about 444.

The Democratic sound-money defection undoubtedly beat Hardin, although a large majority of the sound-money Democrats supported him. This year in the fusion nearly the total Populist vote was cast for Bryan. In addition Bryan received several thousand Republican silver votes. Still the Democratic 40,000 plurality of 1892 was more than overcome, showing that silverism and fusion have cost the Kentucky Democratic party its plurality and supremacy in the State. Aside from principle, and considered only as practical politics with a view to the offices, silverism and the other new depart-

tures of the Chicago platform were woeful failures. Nor do they promise anything in the future for the so-called "regular" Democratic organization. To continue the adherence of the Populists to the "regular" Democracy must go over outright to Populism. To remain on the Chicago platform will insure the alienation of the National Democrats. Without the alliance of either the Populists or the National Democrats the Democratic organization will be impotent for carrying elections; and without the cohesive force of successful office-seeking a large proportion of the party leaders and workers will lose their enthusiasm and the party is certain to dwindle from its present numbers.

If the "regular" Democracy will come back to the real Democratic principles and policies as enunciated in the Indianapolis platform there is bright hope for the party's future. Otherwise we look only for decay and gradual disintegration, with the duty devolving upon the National Democrats of maintaining their organization and gradually regenerating the Democratic party of Jefferson, Jackson, Tilden and Cleveland.

### CORRESPONDENCE

#### Forge Hill.

A. M. Ogg has been in our midst since our last report.

Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan, of Sharpshurg, are visiting relatives here.

The election passed off as expected here and everything is now quiet.

John S. Whittington fell from a horse election day and was seriously injured.

#### Craigs.

Uncle Johnnie Spencer departed this life Oct. 24, 1896. He died with the full triumph of the faith that his sins were pardoned. He said that four angels appeared to him and told him that he had come after him, and he told them that he would be with them. He was converted about two months before he died. He was about 75 years of age. His funeral will be preached by Rev. Robt. Alfrey, the 15th inst., at Peasicks.

#### Bethel.

The election passed off quietly.

Miss Maudie Trumbo, of Versailles, is at home again with her father.

Prof. J. A. Brown, of Cynthiana, has been the guest of D. S. Trumbo for a few days.

We are glad to see our village still improving. Dr. Letton is rebuilding his dwelling painted and re-roofed. Dr. Davis has purchased a lot on Main street and is having a neat two-story dwelling erected.

#### Sherburne.

The ladies of the Christian Church served oysters at Mrs. Gully's Saturday night.

We are well supplied with photographers at present. Mr. Poe and Mr. Dickinson are both here.

Jas. Rice, our mail-driver, took possession of the Sharpshurg & Mt. Sterling mail line Tuesday of last week. Wm. Ingram is driving this line for him.

M. T. Hendrix sold to a Mr. Baird, of Lexington, 12 mules at the following prices: 2 at \$90, the rest at \$50. T. W. Daugherty sold to the same party 3 mules at \$95, \$85 and \$50.

#### Moore's Ferry.

We are having nice weather for gathering corn.

There is some hog cholera in this vicinity reported.

B. F. Shroat, of Upper Prickly Ash, was in this vicinity the past week and bought some young cattle, the prices not known.

The election is over and McKinley carried the Forge Hill precinct. Times will be better, from the way that money was scattered.

Miss Lida Charles and her cousin, Miss Eliza Reeves, of near this place, visited Wm. Reeves, of Mt. Sterling, cousin of the former and brother of the latter, the past week.

#### Ewington.

The sick are no better.

Several sold their cattle and had to weigh up on Sunday.

There will be no school at Lane's Schoolhouse this week, as New Lane's trial is going on now.

W. T. Morgan has bought a bicycle and has the pleasure of riding to town twice a day to see his best girl.

Mr. Byron and son, of Stepstone, had two roosters, a young one and an old one. They named the old one McKinley, and the young one W. J. Bryan. His son Lee watched them fight all day and they said whoever whipped they were going to vote for his namesake, but the young one whipped and they voted for Bryan. I suppose all the Bryan men went by the roosters, but I am sorry that it didn't do any good.

#### Upper Prickly Ash.

Mrs. Johnson Stone visited her son, Marshall Stone, in Owingsville, last Tuesday.

Mrs. Nancy Shroat, who has been suffering with her eyes the past few weeks, is improving.

Walter Hamilton, of near Mt. Sterling, visited his grandmother, Mrs. Frances Hamilton, Saturday.

Miss Pearl Barnes visited her parents, Thomas Barnes and wife, on Peled Oak, from Friday until Sunday.

Misses Fenton Shroat and Emma Hamilton visited W. W. Clark and wife, on Flat Creek, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Stella Sweeney, who had been visiting Mrs. John F. Conner

for the past two months, returned to her home, in Marion Co., one day last week.

#### Olympia.

Henry Jackson has moved to Frenchburg.

James Barker returned from Powell county Sunday.

Where are the 30,000 Republican bolters of Iowa now?

A large crowd from Salt Lick were here Sunday attending the singing.

The Union Sunday-school will discuss whether they will have an Xmas tree or not, next Sunday.

Welcome here are the C. & O. cars on the mine R. R. 15 or more cars wanted at the furnaces per day and will commence work on the new R. R. at once.

Politicians who are talking about 1900 are a few years ahead of the times. It is business not politics that now interests the Olympia and Bath county people, and politicians may as well get into the back-ground.

#### Grange City.

Sam Doggett and daughter, Miss Daisy, visited at Jake Eden's Sunday.

Ed Walton, of Nicholas Co., visited R. R. Walton and family last week.

Jno. Cooper, of Rowan Co., visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Rida and Jennie Bradley and Mary Outright visited at Wyoming Sunday.

Miss Roxie Johnson returned Tuesday from a visit to her grandparents, in Bath Co.

Miss Jessie Atchison, of Bath Co., was the pleasant guest of Miss Addie Newman several days ago.

Grandfather Newman, of Sunset vicinity, who had been the pleasant guest of relatives here, returned home Saturday.

The young folks were honored with invitations to a pound party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Walton Friday eve, at which all enjoyed themselves.

#### Stepstone.

Mrs. Reed has been quite sick for the past few weeks.

Hord Williams and sister visited their uncle here last week.

Mrs. Wm. Ragan is quite feeble again and in bed the past few days.

H. S. Bittinger is building a new residence on the land he bought of Jacob Kincaid.

Asa Crouch has rented the Kincaid farm of Bittinger again for the coming year.

J. W. Lane, assignee of Milton P. Stephens, sold 174 acres of land to Jackson Settle at \$30 per acre.

Green Bryant, wife and daughter visited Mrs. Kate Evans and Dr. Marion Evans at Farmers last week.

Wm. Cox, of Poplar Plains, is here setting out trees in his orchard. Mr. Cox has quite a fine vineyard near Slate bridge.

Jacob See died last week. He was a kind, loving father and husband, and had accumulated a great deal of wealth. He left a wife and one son. Mr. See was a good member of the Christian Church and will be sadly missed by his many Christian friends.

#### Odessa.

Miss Lillie Lee visited her mother, Mrs. Wm. Reynolds, of Fleming Co., last week.

W. L. Jones bought of W. B. Powers last week his upper farm of 46 acres and appurtenances for \$625.

Old Uncle Billie Elam and wife, who had been living with their son-in-law, J. N. Swetnam, and wife this summer, started for Wolfe Co. some 10 days ago on horseback. The former is in his 78th year. He wanted to be there on the 3d to vote for Bryan. Mrs. E. is not many years behind Mr. E. in age. That's the pluck of the old-fashioned kind.

On the 25th of Oct. death again visited the home of Robert Collier and took from him his beloved wife. She had just recovered from a severe attack of typhoid fever and pneumonia when she took the flux, which caused her death. She was buried on the 29th at the Powers burying ground, by the side of four of her children, who preceded her, the last one but a few weeks ago. Sallie Collier was 22 years old and the only daughter of Richard and Bettie Collier. The bereaved husband and one child are left to mourn her loss. They have the sympathy of all in their bereavement. Who of his age has been more unfortunate than Bob? Only 27 years old and has buried five of his family.

**East Fork of Flat Creek.**  
Come boys, take those Bryan badges off, cool down and finish gathering your corn.

Married, the 4th inst., at Elder R. T. D. Zimmermann, Geo. Wm. Stewart, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart, of Indian Creek, and Miss Effie Hendrix, daughter of D. H. Hendrix, of East Fork. May the sunlight of prosperity and happiness ever illumine their pathway and the love of their friends grow stronger as the years advance.

#### NATIONAL HYMN.

It's poor old Bryan, he's dead and gone;  
He's gone where the silverites go-o;  
He's gone where the silverites go.

There's no more work for Bryan to do,  
For he's gone where the silverites go.

#### CHORUS.

Pick up the shovel and the hoe-o-o,  
And hang up the fiddle and the bow.

Died, the 28th ult., of flux, Mrs. Robert Collier, aged 23. She was a member of the Methodist Church and was the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Collier; interment in the Powers graveyard by the side of her four little babies, who preceded her. She leaves a husband and one child (a girl) to mourn her loss.

Died, the 5th inst., John W. Woodard, aged 81 years (better known as "Uncle Jack"). Deceased leaves 7 children, all boys, to mourn his loss. Four of his sons—Pasman, Alfred, Thomas and Sanford—all living in the West, 3 in Missouri and one in Illinois—and three in Bath county: James, Geo. M. and Samuel. Deceased was well liked by all who knew him. Interment in the Woodard graveyard. Mr. Woodard was always ready to lend a helping hand in sickness or anything else. He was a strict member of the Methodist Church and died with the good hope of going to a better world. Sarah, his wife, preceded him 21 years ago. She, I am informed, was a Christian lady and was well thought of by all who knew her. The children have the heartfelt sympathy of our community.

#### Sharpsburg.

It's over, and the country saved.

And the colored troops fought nobly.

The election here passed off quietly; only one fight.

B. H. Wren, of near Judy, was here Thursday on business.

Messrs. Kendig and Berry were here on Saturday buying mules.

There are already five applicants for the postoffice here, and more to follow.

Mrs. Jarvis Ralph and son Early, of near Ewington, visited friends here Friday and Saturday.

John Holvenstein returned from a three-weeks' visit to Fleming Co. on Tuesday, in time to vote for Bryan.

T. F. Triplett and wife, of Millersburg, visited relatives here and in Montgomery county Saturday and Sunday.

There is a great deal of complaint of the petty thieving going on in the country around town, especially of poultry.

Mr. Rice, of Sherburne, handles the reins on the stage line now from here to Mt. Sterling, having bought out the interest of B. F. Lyons.

Married, at the home of the bride, near Peyton's Lick, Montgomery county, Thursday, Nov. 5, Thomas Dillion and Miss Lottie Frazer, oldest daughter of C. W. Frazer.

#### Cozswell.

Newton Armstrong and brother Henry were in Farmers Wednesday.

Ernest Johnson, of Lonesome, has moved in with his father, at this place.

Little Archie Ramey is stepping very high now since he has got to be "Daddy."

B. P. Fanning, Jas. Armstrong and A. R. Alfrey attended Court at Morehead Friday.

G. W. Clayton and wife, of Salt Lick, were guests of T. C. Ragland Saturday and Sunday.

L. S. Armstrong and family visited relatives at Huckleberry Flat Saturday and Sunday.

T. J. Bailey, son of David Bailey, deceased, was a guest of T. C. Ragland Wednesday night.

Mrs. Lou Ragland, who has been very poorly with fever and flux for the past week, is improving.

Harvey Alfrey and W. W. McKinzie's daughter married Sunday.

They were much joy and pleasure through life's rugged pathway.

Lydia Z., the six-year-old daughter of Squire J. H. Downey and wife, while standing near the fire, putting corn Friday morning her clothing caught fire, burning her so severely that death relieved her of her suffering Friday night. The friends of the deceased have our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement.

#### Moorefield.

Dr. Kash's father is visiting him this week.

The election passed off very quietly at Union.

Everybody seems sobered down, and business resumed as usual.

A little son of Mrs. Jo Wilson had an arm broken while playing at school.

The cold wave that followed the extremely warm weather goes hard with us all.

Mrs. Stamper Dickey visited Mrs. C. W. Durham on her way home from Mt. Sterling.

A great deal of stealing is going on around us. Nearly every one who has turkeys complains of losing some.

Ed Grubbs, wife and Miss Jennie Gray visited J. B. Durham and son Charles from Friday till Sunday eve.

Jno. Shroat bought several flocks of turkeys last week at 5 cents per pound. Ladies are selling early this fall, for fear of having them stolen.

Mrs. Harrison Whaley went to Louisville last week and had a tumor removed from her neck. Miss Rue Caldwell also went and had some growth removed from near one of her eyes. Dr. and Mrs. Kash accompanied them.

Quarterly meeting at the M. E. Church Saturday and Sunday. The Presiding Elder was absent, but the pulpit was filled by Bro. Chandler. Bro. Wrightman is preaching at Sharpshurg and presiding at quarterly conference there.

### Thanksgiving Day.

Washington, Nov. 4.—The President today issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation: By the President of the United States: The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe the God of nations for his watchful care, which has shielded them from dire disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices. To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that on a day specially appointed we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land. On that day let all our people forego their usual work and occupation and, assembled in their accustomed places of worship, let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the Universe for our preservation as a nation and deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plentiful rewards that have followed the labor of our husbandmen; and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us.

And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuation of heavenly favor. Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the poor and needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the light of the Lord. Witness my hand and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 4th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and twenty-first.

GROVER CLEVELAND.  
By the President.  
RICHARD OLNEY, Secy. of State.  
(Seal.)

#### Watterson on the Election.

New York, Nov. 7.—The New York Herald's Paris correspondent tonight cables the following:

Paris, Nov. 7.—Mr. Henry Watterson was seen by the New York Herald correspondent this afternoon at the Hotel Dornice, where he has been stopping for about a week past, en route from Geneva to the United States. In reply to a question as to what he thought of the result of the Presidential election Mr. Watterson said: "I have not had the least doubt from the beginning of the overwhelming defeat of Bryan. Having had no anxiety on the subject I experienced no excitement in the result. I got to bed on Tuesday and went to sleep. I slept soundly, confident that the morning's news would be all on our way. The virtue and intelligence of the people were on trial and they have been vindicated. Conservative government was in issue and the response of universal suffrage is all that the friends of public order and national credit could desire. In this regard the victory will be of incalculable value to the prestige of the country in foreign lands, and to its material prosperity, in so far as that it may be affected by foreign investments."

"What in your judgment, Mr. Watterson, will be the effect of the election on affairs at home?"

"The business of the country has been subjected to serious and prolonged strain. This strain being already lifted, money held back from investment will begin to flow. A year of rest from political agitation, intervening between now and the meeting of Congress, is indispensable to all classes. This, I imagine, we shall have. Admonished by Cleveland's misadventures with Congress, Mr. McKinley will hardly risk an extra session, but too much must not be expected. The country has escaped from imminent peril, but the elements of disorder still exist, with their temper unquenched. On the other hand, the friends of credit and order embrace many differences of opinion, and may not be brought into concurrent action except under pressure of necessity. It may require four years more to bring the country to a sense of where its danger truly lies. I do not expect the decisive battle will be fought or won before 1900."

"But what about the deficit in our revenues, Mr. Watterson, in view of which Mr. McKinley might feel it necessary to call an extra session?"

"That," was the reply, "is likely to be secured for the time being at least by the return of public confidence and by the short crops in Europe, all tending toward the increased prosperity of our people, and consequently to rising revenues."

I put to Mr. Watterson the question: "What are your views respecting sound money, the future of the Democrats and the parties in the United States generally?"

"That is a question not easy to answer. Much will depend on circumstances which cannot be clearly foreseen. Sound money Democrats have aided the Republicans from the serious dangers which threatened it. Whether the alliance thus formed will last, and for how long, depends partly upon the course which the new Administration takes and partly upon the disposition of those Democrats

who, though they supported Bryan on grounds of party discipline, did not approve of the extremes of the Chicago platform or sympathize with the excesses of the campaign. Mr. McKinley, who is one of the best of men, and most patriotic of citizens, is still a rabid protectionist, and if he should insist on the assertion of his doctrine and its embodiment into law there are thousands of men equally patriotic and sincere who can not go along with him. On the other hand, the proscriptive spirit of the Bryan Democrats makes an immediate effect upon the Democratic element uncertain, if not unlikely. The platform of the Indianapolis platform is the only platform on which the party can be reorganized. Those Democrats who can not come to that will go into the camp of the Populists.

"Meanwhile there will be a good deal of independent politics among those who have hitherto called themselves Democrats